

### **A Recession Needs to Come Soon - It's Expensive To Be Short**

- As the old saying goes “Markets may remain irrational longer than one can stay solvent.”
- Said differently, one must respect market price action and technicals, and maybe even the corresponding, but not so obvious, fundamentals.
- To a degree, I think we are seeing this play out in today’s market.
- It’s so obvious that we are heading into a recession. Consensus expectations at the start of the year called for a recession to start in the first half of 2023.
- It was so obvious except for one thing: it didn’t happen, and it’s unlikely to happen in the first half of 2023 - and the markets seem to agree. What’s going on?

**Jim Caron:** Hello, this is Jim Caron, Co-CIO of the Global Balanced and Risk Control strategies. One of the things that's going on right now that's quite perplexing is that market prices are going up when many were so sure that, well, we'd either be having a recession or things would be materially slowing down. So I guess the way I like to think about this from a more technical standpoint is that a recession needs to happen soon, otherwise it's going to become very expensive to be short.

As the old saying goes, “markets may remain irrational longer than you can stay solvent.” Said differently, one must respect market price action and also the technicals and maybe even sometimes the not so obvious fundamentals that go with them. To a degree I think we're seeing this play out now. So if I can be a bit facetious and say that it was so obvious that we were heading into a recession. Even consensus expectations at the start of the year called for recession to start in the first half of 2023. The reasons can be laid out; we would see rising jobless claims and consumer weakness from the fourth quarter of 2022 that would certainly spill over into the first quarter of 2023. This would shrink profit margins and earnings would at long last fall. Then late in the first quarter of 2023 we had some volatility with the small- and mid-size banks. Putting it all together it really seemed so obvious that we would be heading into recession in the second quarter, except for one thing. It didn't happen and it's unlikely to happen in the first half of 2023 - and the market seem to agree with that. So what's going on?

I like to phrase this as “Atlas is standing tall.” This of course is a play on the infamous novel “Atlas Shrugged” that depicts a period of dystopian economic conditions. “Atlas is standing tall” implies that such economic conditions this time around did not prevail. This is how I see consensus expectations for the first quarter of 2023 weakness, stacked against reality which was an acceleration and economic activity compared to the widely expected deceleration. Weekly jobless claims were expected to spike in the first quarter of the year, but instead they ran below 200,000. The unemployment rate actually reached a cycle low of 3.4% instead of materially rising. The consumer, instead of weakening, got stronger and spent more, which actually reversed the dip in the fourth quarter. This surprise strength led many analysts to actually upgrade their already previously upgraded first quarter GDP forecast, now sitting between a 2.5 to 3.5% annualized growth rate for the first quarter of 2023.

What we have to take away is that first quarter 2023 nominal GDP is tracking near a 6% annualized rate, a pretty good clip, that has kept profit margins and earnings expectations elevated. As such, the surprising strength, acceleration and positive momentum from the first quarter makes it difficult for a slowdown of sufficient magnitude to create negative quarter-over-quarter growth in the second quarter. In other words, first quarter growth has been so strong that positive momentum is spilling over into the second quarter, making it unlikely that we start a recession this current quarter.

This is all despite the recent shock that we've seen in small- and mid-size banks that rattled confidence and is sure to tighten lending into the real economy, but also likely to happen over a longer period of time. As I like to say, "timing is everything" and the bottom line is that it is expensive to be short. If the market is underweighting risk, i.e. short, well, you don't get paid to be short and those short positions may be forced to be covered. I think this is what is happening today. The data is suggesting we still may have another quarter to wait before a recession might begin, so can the shorts afford to wait? Well, let's take a look at some of the prices out there for the shorts.

Yields on credit related assets are actually still pretty high. High yield yields are about 8.75%, investment grade yields are about 5.4% and emerging market bond yields are about 8.65% (based on Bloomberg closes as of last week.) We like quality housing related exposure in the ABS sector as well. Those yields are also sitting somewhere around 7% for investment grade paper. Many sectors of the market, both stocks and bonds, got taken down to valuation levels that are appealing in select sectors and may bounce if there's no further fallout from the banks and the commercial real estate related events.

If one doesn't take advantage of this, the risk is underperformance if asset prices climb higher. Remember, we are generally ruling out the possibility of a hard landing, just taking down some of that risk. The shorts are figuring this out, doing the math and finding it is relatively expensive to be short risk in the market at this point. I think that's what's happening today and we are in fact seeing some covering. In other words, the technicals and positioning matters right now. But I also want to say that we're not out of the woods and there certainly is risk in the markets right now. We do have to acknowledge that recession probabilities have increased along with the risk of a hard landing actually occurring. That risk has gone up. There's no question about that.

And even though the recession risk has been kicked down the road to the second half of 2023, this risk nevertheless still hangs heavy over the market. Conditions for risks to accelerate are greater given that the markets have received a heavy blow to confidence and the impact of news flow on markets is likely to be asymmetrically negative for asset prices as investors may rapidly extrapolate bad news, whereas good news may only result in grind higher, once we get the initial recovery in markets which we've seen already. The markets have now identified a key risk factor and can look further into the commercial real estate and banking related stresses that could be a correlating agent for risk-off events. The point to all of this is that the outcome is not altogether obvious. Let me say that again, the **outcome is not altogether obvious**, in the sense that there's no obvious path to a hard landing or a recession. Certainly the risks have increased, but it's a trade where volatility can create value. There's going to be a two-way flow in this market and it is essential to have a balanced portfolio, but a process to control for the risks as well.

## RISK CONSIDERATIONS

**Diversification** does not eliminate the risk of loss. There is no assurance that the Strategy will achieve its investment objective. Portfolios are subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the portfolio will decline and that the value of portfolio shares may therefore be less than what you paid for them. Market values can change daily due to economic and other events (e.g. natural disasters, health crises, terrorism, conflicts and social unrest) that affect markets, countries, companies or governments. It is difficult to predict the timing, duration, and potential adverse effects (e.g. portfolio liquidity) of events. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in this portfolio. Please be aware that this strategy may be subject to certain additional risks. There is the risk that the Adviser's **asset allocation methodology and assumptions** regarding the Underlying Portfolios may be incorrect in light of actual market conditions and the Portfolio may not achieve its investment objective. Share prices also tend to be volatile and there is a significant possibility of loss. The portfolio's investments in **commodity-linked notes** involve substantial risks, including risk of loss of a significant portion of their principal value. In addition to commodity risk, they may be subject to additional special risks, such as risk of loss of interest and principal, lack of secondary market and risk of greater volatility, that do not affect traditional equity and debt securities. **Currency fluctuations** could erase investment gains or add to investment losses. **Fixed-income securities** are subject to the ability of an issuer to make timely principal and interest payments (credit risk), changes in interest rates (interest-rate risk), the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity (market risk). In a rising interest-rate environment, bond prices may fall and may result in periods of volatility and increased portfolio redemptions. In a declining interest-rate environment, the portfolio may generate less income. **Longer-term securities** may be more sensitive to interest rate changes. **Equity and foreign securities** are generally more volatile than fixed income securities and are subject to currency, political, economic and market risks. Equity values fluctuate in response to activities specific to a company. Stocks of **small-capitalization companies** carry special risks, such as limited product lines, markets and financial resources, and greater market volatility than securities of larger, more established companies. The risks of investing in **emerging market** countries are greater than risks associated with investments in foreign developed markets. **Exchange traded funds (ETFs)** shares have many of the same risks as direct investments in common stocks or bonds and their market value will fluctuate as the value of the underlying index does. By investing in exchange traded funds ETFs and other **Investment Funds**, the portfolio absorbs both its own expenses and those of the ETFs and Investment Funds it invests in. Supply and demand for ETFs and Investment Funds may not be correlated to that of the underlying securities. **Derivative instruments** can be illiquid, may disproportionately increase losses and may have a potentially large negative impact on the portfolio's performance. A **currency forward** is a hedging tool that does not involve any upfront payment. The use of **leverage** may increase volatility in the Portfolio.

## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES:

**Past performance is no guarantee of future results.** The returns referred to in the audio are those of representative indices and are not meant to depict the performance of a specific investment.

**There is no guarantee that any investment strategy will work under all market conditions, and each investor should evaluate their ability to invest for the long-term, especially during periods of downturn in the market.**

**A separately managed account may not be appropriate for all investors. Separate accounts managed according to the particular Strategy may include securities that may not necessarily track the performance of a particular index. Please consider the investment objectives, risks and fees of the Strategy carefully before investing. A minimum asset level is required.**

For important information about the investment managers, please refer to Form ADV Part 2.

The views and opinions and/or analysis expressed are those of the author or the investment team as of the date of preparation of this material and are subject to change at any time without notice due to market or economic conditions and may not necessarily come to pass. Furthermore, the views will not be updated or otherwise revised to reflect information that subsequently becomes available or circumstances existing, or changes occurring, after the date of publication. The views expressed do not reflect the opinions of all investment personnel at Morgan Stanley Investment Management (MSIM) and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively “the Firm”), and may not be reflected in all the strategies and products that the Firm offers.

Forecasts and/or estimates provided herein are subject to change and may not actually come to pass. Information regarding expected market returns and market outlooks is based on the research, analysis and opinions of the authors or the investment team. These conclusions are speculative in nature, may not come to pass and are not intended to predict the future performance of any specific strategy or product the Firm offers. Future results may differ significantly depending on factors such as changes in securities or financial markets or general economic conditions.

This material has been prepared on the basis of publicly available information, internally developed data and other third-party sources believed to be reliable. However, no assurances are provided regarding the reliability of such information and the Firm has not sought to independently verify information taken from public and third-party sources.

This material is a general communication, which is not impartial and all information provided has been prepared solely for informational and educational purposes and does not constitute an offer or a recommendation to buy or sell any particular security or to adopt any specific investment strategy. The information herein has not been based on a consideration of any individual investor circumstances and is not investment advice, nor should it be construed in any way as tax, accounting, legal or regulatory advice. To that end, investors should seek independent legal and financial advice, including advice as to tax consequences, before making any investment decision.

The indexes are unmanaged and do not include any expenses, fees or sales charges. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Any index referred to herein is the intellectual property (including registered trademarks) of the applicable licensor. Any product based on an index is in no way sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the applicable licensor and it shall not have any liability with respect thereto.

This material is not a product of Morgan Stanley’s Research Department and should not be regarded as a research material or a recommendation.

The Firm has not authorised financial intermediaries to use and to distribute this material, unless such use and distribution is made in accordance with applicable law and regulation. Additionally, financial intermediaries are required to satisfy themselves that the information in this material is appropriate for any person to whom they provide this material in view of that person’s circumstances and purpose. The Firm shall not be liable for, and accepts no liability for, the use or misuse of this material by any such financial intermediary.

This material may be translated into other languages. Where such a translation is made this English version remains definitive. If there are any discrepancies between the English version and any version of this material in another language, the English version shall prevail.

The whole or any part of this material may not be directly or indirectly reproduced, copied, modified, used to create a derivative work, performed, displayed, published, posted, licensed, framed, distributed or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without the Firm's express written consent. This material may not be linked to unless such hyperlink is for personal and non-commercial use. All information contained herein is proprietary and is protected under copyright and other applicable law.

Eaton Vance is part of Morgan Stanley Investment Management. Morgan Stanley Investment Management is the asset management division of Morgan Stanley.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

**This material is only intended for and will only be distributed to persons resident in jurisdictions where such distribution or availability would not be contrary to local laws or regulations.**

**MSIM, the asset management division of Morgan Stanley (NYSE: MS), and its affiliates have arrangements in place to market each other's products and services. Each MSIM affiliate is regulated as appropriate in the jurisdiction it operates. MSIM's affiliates are: Eaton Vance Management (International) Limited, Eaton Vance Advisers International Ltd, Calvert Research and Management, Eaton Vance Management, Parametric Portfolio Associates LLC and Atlanta Capital Management LLC.**

**This material has been issued by any one or more of the following entities:**

**EMEA:**

This material is for Professional Clients/Accredited Investors only.

In the EU, MSIM and Eaton Vance materials are issued by MSIM Fund Management (Ireland) Limited ("FMIL"). FMIL is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland and is incorporated in Ireland as a private company limited by shares with company registration number 616661 and has its registered address at The Observatory, 7-11 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, D02 VC42, Ireland.

Outside the EU, MSIM materials are issued by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Limited (MSIM Ltd) is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England. Registered No. 1981121. Registered Office: 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 4QA.

In Switzerland, MSIM materials are issued by Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, London (Zurich Branch) Authorised and regulated by the Eidgenössische Finanzmarktaufsicht ("FINMA"). Registered Office: Beethovenstrasse 33, 8002 Zurich, Switzerland.

Outside the US and EU, Eaton Vance materials are issued by Eaton Vance Management (International) Limited ("EVMI") 125 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1AR, UK, which is authorised and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

**Italy:** MSIM FMIL (Milan Branch), (Sede Secondaria di Milano) Palazzo Serbelloni Corso Venezia, 16 20121 Milano, Italy. The **Netherlands:** MSIM FMIL (Amsterdam Branch), Rembrandt Tower, 11th Floor Amstelplein 1 1096HA, Netherlands. **France:** MSIM FMIL (Paris Branch), 61 rue de Monceau 75008 Paris, France. **Spain:** MSIM FMIL (Madrid Branch), Calle Serrano 55, 28006, Madrid, Spain. **Germany:** MSIM FMIL, Frankfurt Branch, Grosse

Gallusstrasse 18, 60312 Frankfurt am Main, Germany (Gattung: Zweigniederlassung (FDI) gem. § 53b KWG). **Denmark:** MSIM FMIL (Copenhagen Branch), Gorrissen Federspiel, Axel Towers, Axeltorv2, 1609 Copenhagen V, Denmark.

**MIDDLE EAST:**

**Dubai:** MSIM Ltd (Representative Office, Unit Precinct 3-7th Floor-Unit 701 and 702, Level 7, Gate Precinct Building 3, Dubai International Financial Centre, Dubai, 506501, United Arab Emirates. Telephone: +97 (0)14 709 7158).

This document is distributed in the Dubai International Financial Centre by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Limited (Representative Office), an entity regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA). It is intended for use by professional clients and market counterparties only. This document is not intended for distribution to retail clients, and retail clients should not act upon the information contained in this document.

This document relates to a financial product which is not subject to any form of regulation or approval by the DFSA. The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any documents in connection with this financial product. Accordingly, the DFSA has not approved this document or any other associated documents nor taken any steps to verify the information set out in this document, and has no responsibility for it. The financial product to which this document relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on its resale or transfer. Prospective purchasers should conduct their own due diligence on the financial product. If you do not understand the contents of this document, you should consult an authorised financial adviser.

**U.S.: NOT FDIC INSURED | OFFER NO BANK GUARANTEE | MAY LOSE VALUE | NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY | NOT A DEPOSIT**

**Latin America (Brazil, Chile Colombia, Mexico, Peru, and Uruguay)**

This material is for use with an institutional investor or a qualified investor only. All information contained herein is confidential and is for the exclusive use and review of the intended addressee, and may not be passed on to any third party. This material is provided for informational purposes only and does not constitute a public offering, solicitation or recommendation to buy or sell for any product, service, security and/or strategy. A decision to invest should only be made after reading the strategy documentation and conducting in-depth and independent due diligence.

**ASIA PACIFIC**

**Hong Kong:** This material is disseminated by Morgan Stanley Asia Limited for use in Hong Kong and shall only be made available to “professional investors” as defined under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong (Cap 571). The contents of this material have not been reviewed nor approved by any regulatory authority including the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong. Accordingly, save where an exemption is available under the relevant law, this material shall not be issued, circulated, distributed, directed at, or made available to, the public in Hong Kong. **Singapore:** This material is disseminated by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company and should not be considered to be the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to the public or any member of the public in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under section 304 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (“SFA”); (ii) to a “relevant person” (which includes an accredited investor) pursuant to section 305 of the SFA, and such distribution is in accordance with the conditions specified in section 305 of the SFA; or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. This publication has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. **Australia:** This material is provided by Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Australia) Pty Ltd ABN 22122040037, AFSL No. 314182 and its affiliates and does not constitute an offer of interests. Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Australia) Pty Limited arranges for

MSIM affiliates to provide financial services to Australian wholesale clients. Interests will only be offered in circumstances under which no disclosure is required under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the "Corporations Act"). Any offer of interests will not purport to be an offer of interests in circumstances under which disclosure is required under the Corporations Act and will only be made to persons who qualify as a "wholesale client" (as defined in the Corporations Act). This material will not be lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

**Japan:** For professional investors, this material is circulated or distributed for informational purposes only. For those who are not professional investors, this material is provided in relation to Morgan Stanley Investment Management (Japan) Co., Ltd. ("MSIMJ")'s business with respect to discretionary investment management agreements ("IMA") and investment advisory agreements ("IAA"). This is not for the purpose of a recommendation or solicitation of transactions or offers any particular financial instruments. Under an IMA, with respect to management of assets of a client, the client prescribes basic management policies in advance and commissions MSIMJ to make all investment decisions based on an analysis of the value, etc. of the securities, and MSIMJ accepts such commission. The client shall delegate to MSIMJ the authorities necessary for making investment. MSIMJ exercises the delegated authorities based on investment decisions of MSIMJ, and the client shall not make individual instructions. All investment profits and losses belong to the clients; principal is not guaranteed. Please consider the investment objectives and nature of risks before investing. As an investment advisory fee for an IAA or an IMA, the amount of assets subject to the contract multiplied by a certain rate (the upper limit is 2.20% per annum (including tax)) shall be incurred in proportion to the contract period. For some strategies, a contingency fee may be incurred in addition to the fee mentioned above. Indirect charges also may be incurred, such as brokerage commissions for incorporated securities. Since these charges and expenses are different depending on a contract and other factors, MSIMJ cannot present the rates, upper limits, etc. in advance. All clients should read the Documents Provided Prior to the Conclusion of a Contract carefully before executing an agreement. This material is disseminated in Japan by MSIMJ, Registered No. 410 (Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments Firms)), Membership: the Japan Securities Dealers Association, The Investment Trusts Association, Japan, the Japan Investment Advisers Association and the Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association.

CRC 5601195 Exp. 4/30/2024